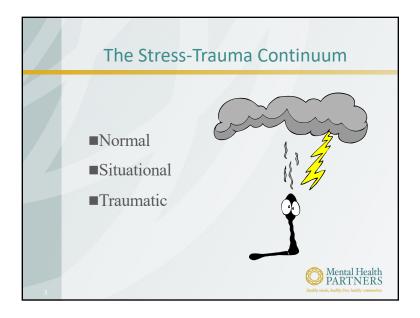
Understanding Traumatic Stress: Strategies for Helping Children, Adolescents and Adults Heal

Janine D'Anniballe, Ph.D. Director of Trauma Services, Mental Health Partners

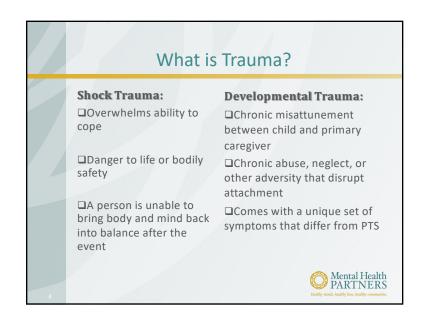




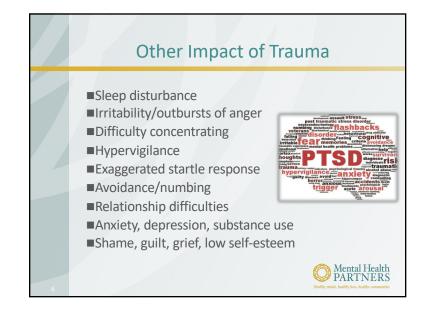


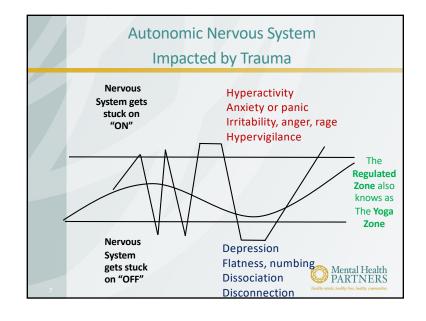


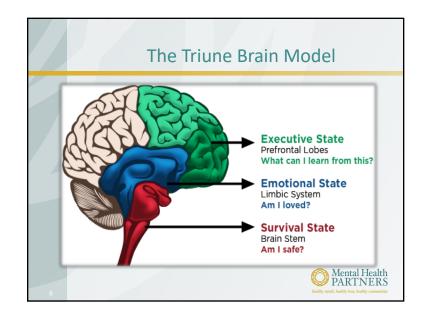


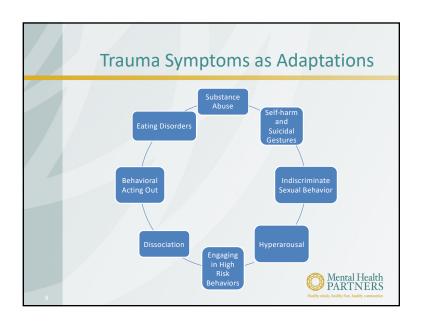


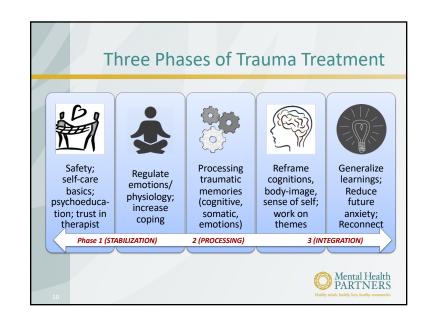
What are Traumatic events? Physical, sexual abuse, neglect Domestic violence Gun violence Severe motor vehicle accidents Serious medical conditions Chaotic household Military combat Immigration Sudden unexpected losses Chronic experiences of oppression or marginalization Terrorism Adoption Prenatal exposure to mother's abuse, poverty, etc. Extended separation from a parent Mental Health PARTNERS

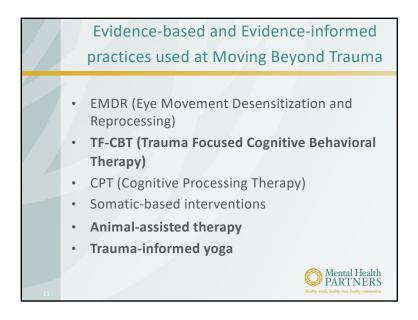












Trauma Focused-CBT Components Psychoeducation and Parenting Skills Relaxation Affective Modulation Cognitive Processing Trauma Narrative In Vivo Desensitization Mental Health PARTNERS Kelly with healty line, healty seconds

Psychoeducation

Goals:

- Normalize child's and parent's reactions to severe stress
- Educate about psychological and physiological reactions to stress
- Instill hope for recovery
- Educate about the benefits and need for early treatment



Parenting Skills



- TF-CBT views parents as central therapeutic agent for change
- Emphasize positive parenting skills (e.g., praise), enhance enjoyable childparent interactions



Relaxation

- Reduce physiological manifestations of stress/PTSD
- Develop relaxation strategies for manifestations of stress (e.g., headache, stomachache, racing heart, etc.)
- Focused breathing/mindfulness/meditation
- Progressive muscle relaxation
- Physical activity: yoga, singing, dance, blowing bubbles



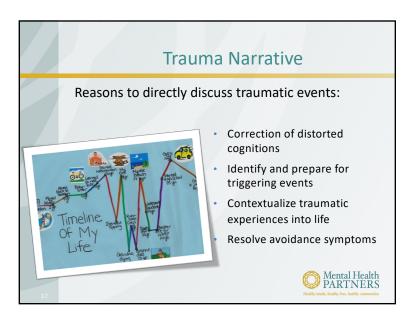
Affective Modulation



Feeling Identification

- Accurately identify and express a range of different feelings
 - Feeling faces
- Traumatized children may have restricted range of affect expression





Cognitive Processing

- Help children and parents understand the connections between thoughts, feelings and behaviors
- Help children and parents view events in more accurate and helpful ways
- Encourage parents to assist children in cognitive processing of upsetting situations





Cognitive Processing of Trauma

- Identify child and parent trauma-related cognitive distortions from trauma narrative
 - Example: it's my fault, I'll never be like other kids, she's lost her innocence, you can't trust any men, etc....
- Use cognitive processing techniques to replace these with more accurate and/or helpful thoughts about the trauma
- Encourage parents to reinforce children's more accurate/helpful cognitions





In Vivo Mastery of Trauma Reminders

- Mastery of trauma reminders critical for resuming normal developmental trajectory
- To be used only if the feared reminder is innocuous (not if it's still dangerous)
- Hierarchical exposure to innocuous reminders which have been paired with the traumatic experience





Trauma-Informed Yoga

- Addresses unique needs of trauma survivors
 - Need to feel safe, need to have control/choice
- Helps orient students to time and space; using senses to stay present
- Cultivates groundedness and centering; resourcing in physical body to help with disassociation/disconnection





Mental Health PARTNERS

Trauma-Informed Yoga



 Resets physiology through mindful movement and breath

- Increases GABA levels in the brain
- Regulates blood pressure and insulin
- Decreases oxidative stress in the cells
- Boosts immune system



Trauma-Informed Yoga with Moving to End Sexual Assault (MESA)

Trauma-Informed
YOGA
For all types of trauma
With Melissa Carey

Every Sunday for 8 Weeks March 31st through May 19th 3:00—4:30pm

Soul Tree Yoga, South Studio 1280 Centaur Village Dr. #7 Lafayette, 80026

www.movingtoendsexualassault.org 303-443-0400







Impact of Fievel the Facility Dog

- Creates warm, friendly, welcoming environment
- Helps client engagement
- Helps clients emotionally regulate before/after therapy sessions





Impact of Fievel the Facility Dog

- Used as a tool in therapeutic process (e.g. physical boundaries)
- Supports staff in self-care, and team-building
- Plays role in partnership development and marketing



What can YOU do to help Trauma Survivors?

- Start by believing
- Understand that symptoms are adaptations
- Avoid blaming
- Encourage positive coping skills (e.g., exercise, yoga, social support, time in nature)
- Get support for you if the trauma survivor is a close loved one
- Refer to community resources







Contact Information



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